			(Original Signature of Member)
11	7TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	
То	eliminating the c	conflicts of interest rent ownership or c	pportunity in digital markets by that arise from dominant online control of an online platform and

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms.	JAYAPAL introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	l to	the
	Committee on								

# A BILL

To promote competition and economic opportunity in digital markets by eliminating the conflicts of interest that arise from dominant online platforms' concurrent ownership or control of an online platform and certain other businesses.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ending Platform Mo-
- 5 nopolies Act".

## 1 SEC. 2. UNLAWFUL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

2	(a) VIOLATION.—As of the date an online platform
3	is designated as a covered platform under subsection 6(a),
4	it shall be unlawful for a covered platform operator to
5	own, control, or have a beneficial interest in a line of busi-
6	ness other than the covered platform that—
7	(1) utilizes the covered platform for the sale or
8	provision of products or services;
9	(2) offers a product or service that the covered
10	platform requires a business user to purchase or uti-
11	lize as a condition for access to the covered plat-
12	form, or as a condition for preferred status or place-
13	ment of a business user's product or services on the
14	covered platform; or
15	(3) gives rise to a conflict of interest.
16	(b) Conflict of Interest.—For purposes of this
17	section, the term "conflict of interest" includes the conflict
18	of interest that arises when—
19	(1) a covered platform operator owns or con-
20	trols a line of business, other than the covered plat-
21	form; and
22	(2) the covered platform's ownership or control
23	of that line of business creates the incentive and
24	ability for the covered platform to—
25	(A) advantage the covered platform opera-
26	tor's own products, services, or lines of business

1	on the covered platform over those of a com-
2	peting business or a business that constitutes
3	nascent or potential competition to the covered
4	platform operator; or
5	(B) exclude from, or disadvantage, the
6	products, services, or lines of business on the
7	covered platform of a competing business or a
8	business that constitutes nascent or potential
9	competition to the covered platform operator.
10	SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT.
11	(a) In General.—The Commission and the Depart-
12	ment of Justice shall enforce this Act in the same manner,
13	by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction, pow-
14	ers, and duties as though all applicable terms and provi-
15	sions of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
16	41 et seq.) or the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.), as
17	appropriate, were incorporated into and made a part of
18	this Act.
19	(b) Unfair Methods of Competition.—A viola-
20	tion of this Act shall also constitute an unfair method of
21	competition under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commis-
22	sion Act (15 U.S.C. 5).
23	(c) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Any person, or any individual
24	who is an officer, director, partner, or employee of a per-
25	son, who fails to comply with any provision of this Act

1	within two years of the Commission or Department of Jus-
2	tice designating a covered platform under section 6(a),
3	shall be liable to the United States for a civil penalty in
4	an amount not more than the greater of, for each day dur-
5	ing which such person is in violation of section 2—
6	(1) 15 percent of the total average daily United
7	States revenue of the person for the previous cal-
8	endar year; or
9	(2) 30 percent of the total average daily United
10	States revenue of the person in any line of business
11	affected or targeted by the unlawful conduct during
12	the period of the unlawful conduct.
13	(d) Commission Independent Litigation Au-
14	THORITY.—If the Commission has reason to believe that
15	a covered platform violated this Act, the Commission may
16	commence a civil action, in its own name by any of its
17	attorneys designated by it for such purpose, to recover a
18	civil penalty and seek other appropriate relief in a district
19	court of the United States against the covered platform
20	operator.
21	SEC. 4. LIMITATIONS ON BOARD MEMBERSHIP AND OTHER
22	SERVICE.
23	(a) In General.—An individual who is an officer,
24	director, employee, including an agent, representative, or
25	contractor, of a covered platform or who has control over

1	the covered platform may not serve at the same time as
2	an officer, director, employee, or other institution-affili-
3	ated party, including as an agent, representative, or con-
4	tractor, of a formerly affiliated person.
5	(b) Termination of Service.—Any individual
6	whose service violates subsection (a) as of the date an on-
7	line platform is designated as a covered platform under
8	subsection 6(a), shall terminate such service as soon as
9	is practicable and in no event, later than the end of the
10	60-day period beginning on the date the online platform
11	is designated as a covered platform.
12	SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
13	For purposes of this Act:
14	(1) Antitrust laws.—The term "antitrust
15	laws" has the meaning given the term in subsection
16	(a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C.
17	12).
18	(2) Beneficial interest.—The term "Bene-
19	ficial Interest" means with respect to a person, hav-
20	ing access to competitively sensitive information or
21	the ability to affect the person's strategic decisions.
22	(3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
23	means the Federal Trade Commission.
24	(4) Control.—The term "control" with re-
25	spect to a person means—

1	(A) holding 25 percent or more of the
2	stock of the person;
3	(B) having the right to 25 percent or more
4	of the profits of the person;
5	(C) having the right to 25 percent or more
6	of the assets of the person, in the event of the
7	person's dissolution;
8	(D) if the person is a corporation, having
9	the power to designate 25 percent or more of
10	the directors of the person;
11	(E) if the person is a trust, having the
12	power to designate 25 percent or more of the
13	trustees; or
14	(F) otherwise exercises substantial control
15	over the person.
16	(5) COVERED PLATFORM.—The term "covered
17	platform" means an online platform—
18	(A) that has been designated as a "covered
19	platform" under section 6(a); or
20	(B) that—
21	(i) at the time of the Commission's or
22	the Department of Justice's designation
23	under section 6(a), or any of the twelve
24	months preceding that time, or in any of
25	the 12 months preceding the filing of a

1	complaint for an alleged violation of this
2	Act—
3	(I) has at least 50,000,000
4	United States-based monthly active
5	users on the online platform; or
6	(II) has at least 100,000 United
7	States-based monthly active business
8	users on the platform;
9	(ii) is owned or controlled by a person
10	with net annual sales, or a market capital-
11	ization greater than \$600,000,000,000 at,
12	adjusted for inflation on the basis of the
13	Consumer Price Index, the time of the
14	Commission's or the Department of Jus-
15	tice's designation under section 6(a) or any
16	of the two years preceding that time, or at
17	any time in the 2 years preceding the filing
18	of a complaint for an alleged violation of
19	this Act; and
20	(iii) is a critical trading partner for
21	the sale or provision of any product or
22	service offered on or directly related to the
23	online platform.
24	(6) COVERED PLATFORM OPERATOR.—The
25	term "covered platform operator" means a person

1	that, directly or indirectly, owns or controls a cov-
2	ered platform.
3	(7) Critical trading partner.—The term
4	"critical trading partner" means an entity that has
5	the ability to restrict or impede—
6	(A) the access of a business user to its
7	users or customers; or
8	(B) the access of a business user to a tool
9	or service that it needs to effectively serve its
10	users or customers.
11	(8) Business user.—The term "business
12	user" means a person that utilizes or plans to utilize
13	the covered platform for the sale or provision of
14	products or services.
15	(9) FORMERLY AFFILIATED PERSON.—The
16	term "formerly affiliated person" means a person
17	that was owned or controlled by a covered platform
18	prior to termination of the affiliation described in
19	section 3.
20	(10) Online Platform.—The term "online
21	platform" means a website, online or mobile applica-
22	tion, operating system, digital assistant, or online
23	service that—

1	(A) enables a user to generate content that
2	can be viewed by other users on the platform or
3	to interact with other content on the platform;
4	(B) facilitates the offering, sale, purchase,
5	payment, or shipping of goods or services, in-
6	cluding software applications, between and
7	among consumers or businesses not controlled
8	by the platform; or
9	(C) enables user searches or queries that
10	access or display a large volume of information.
11	(11) Person.—The term "person" has the
12	meaning given the term in subsection (a) of section
13	1 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12).
14	SEC. 6. IMPLEMENTATION.
15	(a) Covered Platform Designation.—
16	(1) The Commission or Department of Justice
17	shall designate whether an entity is a covered plat-
18	form for the purpose of implementing and enforcing
19	this Act. Such designation shall—
20	(A) be based on a finding that the criteria
21	set forth in paragraph (5)(B)(i)-(iii) of section
22	5 are met;
23	(B) be issued in writing and published in
24	

1	(C) will apply for 10 years from its
2	issuance regardless of whether there is a change
3	in control or ownership over the covered plat-
4	form unless the Commission or the Department
5	of Justice removes the designation pursuant to
6	subsection (b).
7	(b) Removal of Covered Platform Designa-
8	TION.—The Commission or the Department of Justice
9	shall—
10	(1) consider whether its designation of a cov-
11	ered platform pursuant to subsection (a) should be
12	removed prior to the expiration of the 10-year period
13	if the covered platform operator files a request with
14	the Commission or the Department of Justice, which
15	shows that the online platform is no longer a critical
16	trading partner;
17	(2) determine whether to grant a request sub-
18	mitted under paragraph (1) not later than 120 days
19	after the date of the filing of such request; and
20	(3) obtain the concurrence of the Commission
21	or the Department of Justice, as appropriate, before
22	granting a request submitted under paragraph (1).
23	SEC. 7. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
24	(a) In General.—Any party that is subject to a cov-
25	ered platform designation under section 6(a) of this Act.

- 1 a final order issued in any district court of the United
- 2 States, or a final order of the Commission issued in an
- 3 administrative adjudicative proceeding may within 30 days
- 4 of the issuance of such designation or order, petition for
- 5 review of such designation or order in the United States
- 6 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.
- 7 (b) Treatment of Findings.—In a proceeding for
- 8 judicial review of a covered platform designation under
- 9 section 6(a) of this Act or a final order of the Commission,
- 10 the findings of the Commission or the Department of Jus-
- 11 tice as to the facts, if supported by evidence, shall be con-
- 12 clusive.

## 13 SEC. 8. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to limit any
- 15 authority of the Attorney General or the Federal Trade
- 16 Commission under the antitrust laws, the Federal Trade
- 17 Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), or any other provision
- 18 of law or to limit the application of any law.

### 19 SEC. 9. SEVERABILITY.

- If any provision of this Act, or the application of such
- 21 provision to any person or circumstance, is held to be un-
- 22 constitutional, the remainder of this Act, and the applica-
- 23 tion of the remaining provisions of this Act to any person
- 24 or circumstance shall not be affected.